## ABSTRACTS OF PAPERS Published in Other Journals

Distribution Patterns of Strain and Dislocations Around Indented Areas in Germanium Crystals as Observed by X-Ray Topography\*

Ryugo Wagatsuma and Koji Sumino

The Research Institute for Iron, Steel and Other Metals, Tohoku University
and

Wakio Uchida and Soichi Yamamoto

College of General Education, Tohoku University

## **Abstract**

Three-dimensional distribution patterns of the strain and dislocations developed around indented areas in germanium crystals are observed as a function of the deformation temperature between  $20^{\circ}$  and  $700^{\circ}$ C by use of X-ray diffraction topography. The size of the deformed region around an indented area is found to have a relationship with the hardness value, i.e., the former begins to increase abruptly at the temperature where the latter begins to decrease abruptly as the deformation temperature is raised. The areas indented at high temperatures are subjected to two kinds of treatments: One group of areas is brought to room temperature after indentation while an indenter load is applied, and the other is cooled after an indenter load has been removed. Rearrangement of dislocations takes place during annealing of specimens. Annealing brings about a configuration of dislocations lying parallel to  $\langle 110 \rangle$  directions.

<sup>\*</sup> The 1558th report of the Research Institute for Iron, Steel and Other Metals. Published in the Journal of Applied Physics, 42 (1971), 222.