is qualitatively explained by the local contraction in the c plane.

X-Ray Photoemission Study of the Liquid Au-Sn Alloy

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Phys. Status Solidi a, 32 (1975), 369.

X-ray photoemission spectra of the core and valence states of liquid and solid Au-Sn alloys have been measured. The composition dependence of binding energies of the Au $4f_{5/2,\,7/2}$ peaks suggests that the liquid Sn-rich alloy has a fairly fixed type of local atomic environment around Au atoms different from that in the solid Sn-rich alloy. Estimated composition indicates that the surface is enriched in Sn component on an average.

Constitution of the Magnesium-Indium System near the Composition of Mg₃In and Phase Transition of β_1 Phase

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Acta Metall., 23 (1975), 691.

The phase diagram of the Mg-In system was re-examined, as there was some uncertainty as to the phase transition of β_1 phase in the literature. It was found that the direct transition of β_1 to β' phase is prevented by the two phase region in the whole composition range investigated. In addition to this, location of Mg₅In₂ phase (β_3 phase) in the diagram was for the first time made clear. β_3 phase is stable only below 210°C and decomposes into β' and β_2 phases above this temperature. The confirmation of the crystal structure of β_1 phase was also done on single crystal electron diffraction patterns. Mg₃In changes its structure from ordered 12R to disordered f.c.c. through ordered 3R with increasing temperature. The transformation energy associated with the change in the stacking sequence (12R \rightarrow 3R) and that associated with the order-disorder phase change were estimated by specific heat measurements to be \sim 120 cal/mole and \sim 340 cal/mole, respectively.

Composition Dependence of the Long-Period Layer Stacking Sequence in the Structure of the Ternary Alloy $Mg_3In_{1-x}Cd_x$

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The effect of the replacement of some fraction of the indium atoms with cadmium atoms on the structural stability of the long-period layer stacking sequence in Mg₃In has been studied by means of X-ray and electron diffraction experiments. The observed changes in electron diffraction patterns can be described by Kakinoki's equation and suggests that when the cadmium content is